







Matteo Ciotola Deep Learning-based Pansharpening and Super-Resolution of Remote Sensing Images

Tutor: Prof. G. Poggi

Cycle: XXXVI

co-Tutor: Prof. G. Scarpa

Year: Third



Background information

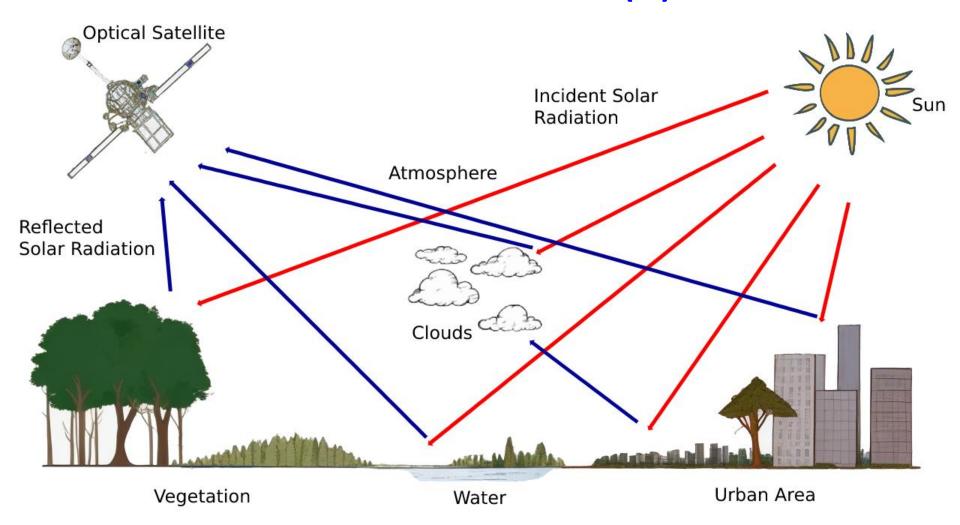
- MSc degree: Automation Engineering University Federico II
- Research group/laboratory: GRIP Research Team
- PhD start date end date: 1/11/2020 31/10/2023
- Scholarship type: University Federico II
- Periods abroad: From 1/11/2022 to 31/1/2023 to Universitè Bretagne Sud – Vannes, France



Summary of study activities

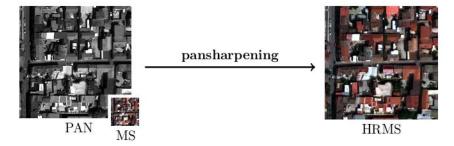
- Ad hoc PhD courses:
 - Scientific Programming and Visualization with Python
 - Introduction to Deep Learning
 - Model Complex System
- Courses attended borrowed from MSc curricula:
 - Elaborazione Numerica dei Segnali
 - Elaborazione di Segnali Multimediali
 - Visione per Sistemi Robotici
- Attended PhD Schools:
 - IEEE EURASIP 8 th **Summer School on Signal Processing 2021** (S3P) Rome, Italy
 - DeepLearn 2022 Summer, Las Palmas de Gran Canaria, Spain
- Conferences attended:
 - IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS) 2021 Brussel, Belgium
 - IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS) 2022 Kuala Lampur, Malaysia
 - IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium (IGARSS) 2023 Pasadena, USA





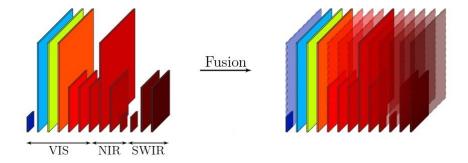


- Spatial Resolution Enhancement:
 - 1. Pansharpening
 - 2. Hyperspectral Pansharpening
 - 3. Single Image Super Resolution, exploiting multi-resolution fusion
 - 4. Multiple Image Super Resolution
- Fusion of Multitemporal SAR-Optical images for recovering missing or corrupted multispectral indices.



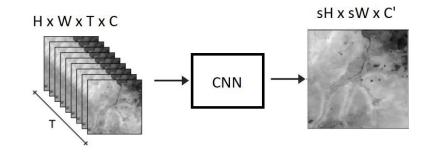


- Spatial Resolution Enhancement:
 - 1. Pansharpening
 - 2. Hyperspectral Pansharpening
 - 3. Single Image Super Resolution, exploiting multi-resolution fusion
 - 4. Multiple Image Super Resolution
- Fusion of Multitemporal SAR-Optical images for recovering missing or corrupted multispectral indices.





- Spatial Resolution Enhancement:
 - 1. Pansharpening
 - 2. Hyperspectral Pansharpening
 - 3. Single Image Super Resolution, exploiting multi-resolution fusion
 - 4. Multiple Image Super Resolution
- Fusion of Multitemporal SAR-Optical images for recovering missing or corrupted multispectral indices.





- Spatial Resolution Enhancement:
 - 1. Pansharpening
 - 2. Hyperspectral Pansharpening
 - 3. Single Image Super Resolution, exploiting multi-resolution fusion
 - 4. Multiple Image Super Resolution
- Fusion of Multitemporal SAR-Optical images for recovering missing or corrupted multispectral indices.



Credits: ESA



Research results

In the context of Multispectral/HyperSpectral Pansharpening:

- Definition of a full-resolution training framework for Convolutional Neural Networks
- Development of a new algorithm, which include a new CNN, new more effective spectral loss function with a coregistration-at-loss paradigm
- Definition of a new no reference-based assessment protocol, with the proposal of a new structural index

In the context of Multi-resolution Fusion:

 Definition of a full-resolution training framework for Deep Learning-based algorithms



Research products

Journal Papers

[J1]	M. Ciotola, S. Vitale, A. Mazza, G. Poggi and G. Scarpa, Pansharpening by Convolutional Neural Networks in the Full Resolution Framework IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing, vol. 60, pp. 1-17, 2022, Art no. 5408717, doi: 10.1109/TGRS.2022.3163887.
[J2]	G. Scarpa and M. Ciotola, Full-Resolution Quality Assessment for Pansharpening Remote Sensing, vol. 14, no. 8, p. 1808, Apr. 2022, doi: 10.3390/rs14081808.
[J3]	M. Ciotola and G. Scarpa, Fast Full-Resolution Target-Adaptive CNN-Based Pansharpening Framework Remote Sensing, vol. 15, no. 2, p. 319, Jan. 2023, doi: 10.3390/rs15020319
[J4]	M. Ciotola, G. Poggi and G. Scarpa, Unsupervised Deep Learning-Based Pansharpening With Jointly Enhanced Spectral and Spatial Fidelity IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing, vol. 61, pp. 1-17, 2023, Art no. 5405417, doi: 10.1109/TGRS.2023.3299356.
[J5]	G. Guarino, M. Ciotola, G. Vivone, G. Poggi, G. Scarpa, PCA-CNN Hybrid Approach for Hyperspectral Pansharpening IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Letters, doi: 10.1109/LGRS.2023.3326204.



Research products

Conference Papers

[C1]	M. Ciotola, M. Ragosta, G. Poggi and G. Scarpa, A Full-Resolution Training Framework for Sentinel-2 Image Fusion 2021 IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium IGARSS, Brussels, Belgium, 2021, pp. 1260-1263, doi: 10.1109/IGARSS47720.2021.9553199.
[C2]	M. Ciotola, A. Martinelli, A. Mazza and G. Scarpa, An Adversarial Training Framework for Sentinel-2 Image Super-Resolution 2022 IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium IGARSS, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, 2022, pp. 3782-3785, doi: 10.1109/IGARSS46834.2022.9883144
[C3]	M. Ciotola, G. Guarino, A. Mazza, G. Poggi and G. Scarpa, Pansharpening by efficient and fast unsupervised target-adaptive CNN 2023 IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium IGARSS, Pasadena, USA, 2023, pp. 5579-5582, doi: 10.1109/IGARSS52108.2023.10281456.
[C4]	G. Guarino, M. Ciotola, G. Vivone, G. Poggi and G. Scarpa, An unsupervised CNN-based hyperspectral pansharpening method 2023 IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium IGARSS, Pasadena, USA, 2023, pp. 5982-5985, doi: 10.1109/IGARSS52108.2023.10282928.
[C5]	A. Mazza, M. Ciotola, G. Poggi and G. Scarpa, Synergic use of SAR and optical data for feature extraction 2023 IEEE International Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium IGARSS , Pasadena, USA, 2023, pp. 2061-2064, doi: 10.1109/IGARSS52108.2023.10281855.



Research products

In Progress Journal Papers

[R1]	G. Guarino, M. Ciotola, G. Vivone and G. Scarpa, Band-wise Hyperspectral Image Pansharpening using CNN Model Propagation IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing, Major Review
------	---

Awards:

ΓΔ17	2023 Prof. Francesco Carassa Award (Radar and Remote Sensing), At "Riunione Annuale GTTI 2023", 11-13 September 2023, Rome - IT						
	Gruppo Telecomunicazioni e Tecnologie o	dell'Informazione (GTTI)	and	Consorzio	Nazionale		
	Interuniversitario sulle Telecomunicazioni (CNIT)						



PhD thesis overview

Problem statement

Need of higher resolution spectral images for analyzing and understanding the complexity of nature or planning and managing human activities.

Objective

Propose an **innovative training framework** for **deep learning**-based solutions for this problem, adapting it to the available information (PAN-MS, PAN-HS, MS-MS)

Methodology

The employed methodology is **data-driven**. For a given sensor an adhoc training procedure is achieved, with specific CNNs, loss functions and hyper-parameters.



Satellites suffer from trade-offs among spatial and spectral resolutions.



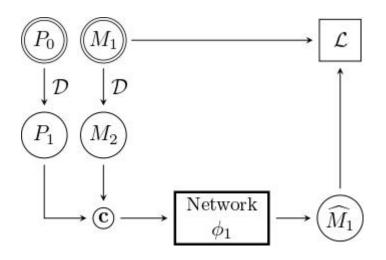
Multi-source data fusion



 Deep Learning overcome the limitations of modelbased solutions, which rely on statistical and mathematical assumptions.

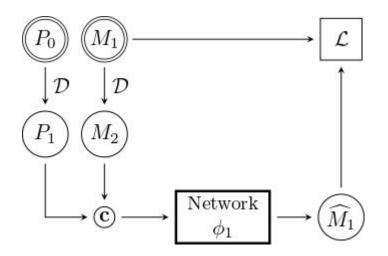
 Problem: absence of ground-truth with which perform a supervised training



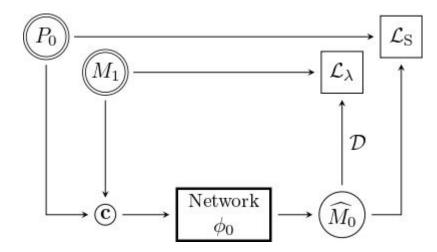


- P_o: Original PAN
- M₁: Original MS
- P₁: Synthetic (Downgraded) PAN
- M₂: Synthetic (Downgraded) MS





- P_0 : Original PAN
- M₁: Original MS
- P₁: Synthetic (Downgraded) PAN
- M₂: Synthetic (Downgraded) MS



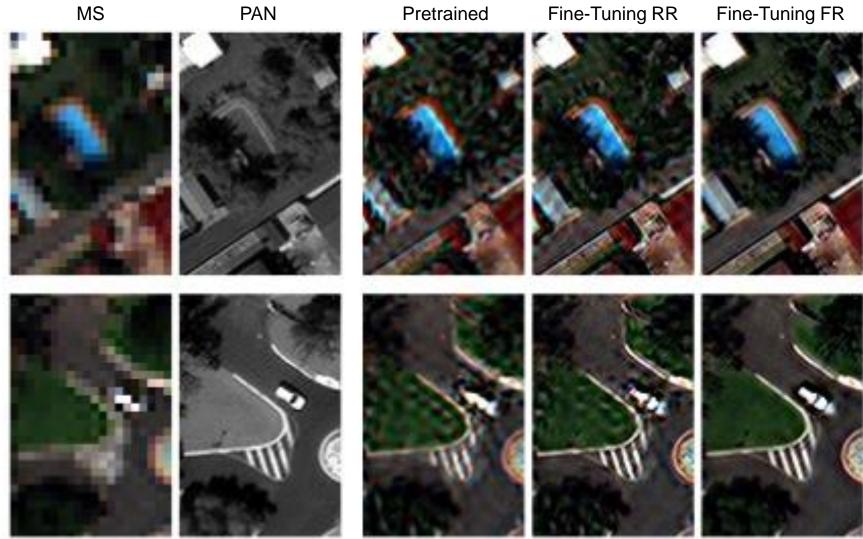
Benefits:

- No scale-invariance assumption
- More data for training

Drawbacks:

- Computational and time cost
- Impact of global/local misalignment



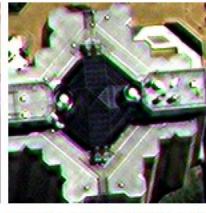








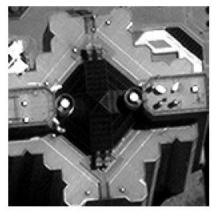


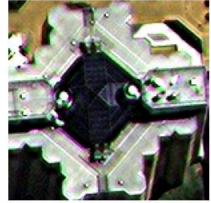


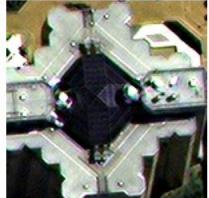
MS

C-BDSD

MTF-GLP-HPM-H





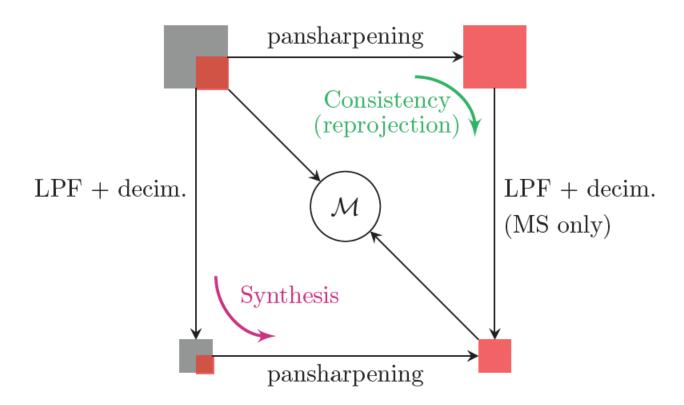


PAN

FE-HPM

Proposed







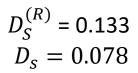
Proposal PAN **EXP** MS













$$D_S^{(R)} = 0.178$$

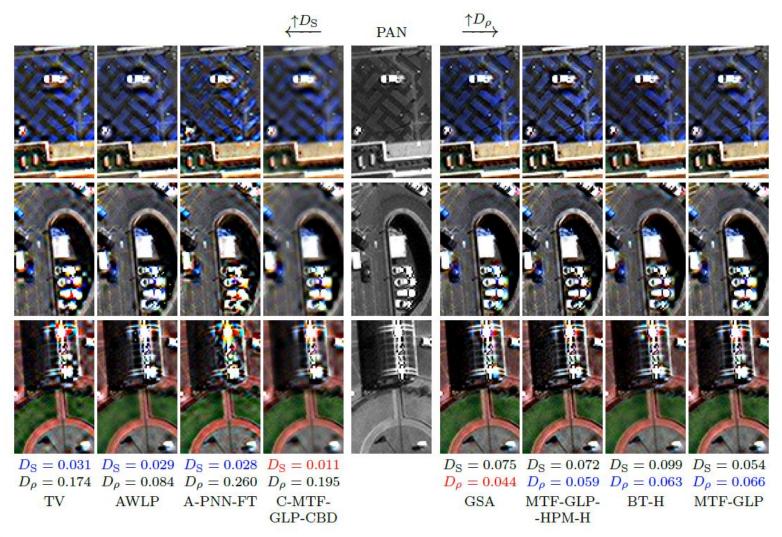
 $D_S = 0.095$



$$\rho_{\mathbf{XY}}^{\sigma}(i,j) = \frac{\operatorname{Cov}\left(\mathbf{X}_{w(i,j)}, \mathbf{Y}_{w(i,j)}\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{Var}\left(\mathbf{X}_{w(i,j)}\right) \operatorname{Var}\left(\mathbf{Y}_{w(i,j)}\right)}},$$

$$D_{\rho} = \langle 1 - \rho_{X,Y}^{\sigma}(i,j) \rangle$$







Matteo Ciotola

24

In conclusion, we think that full-resolution training and evaluation frameworks hold significant promise for achieving spatially accurate outcomes while preserving spectral fidelity. Nonetheless, despite the promising results of our proposed algorithms, several challenges and avenues for improvement remain:

- Developing solutions for joint local and global co-registration and pansharpening of images containing moving objects.
- Extending pansharpening techniques to multi- or hyper-spectral bands with weak correlation to PAN, necessitating the definition of a suitable spatial loss term.
- Enhancing the selection of tuning crops to further improve the robustness and generality of the proposed framework.
- Refining the spatial loss component to prevent "oversharpening" in specific scenarios.



Thank you for your kind attention

